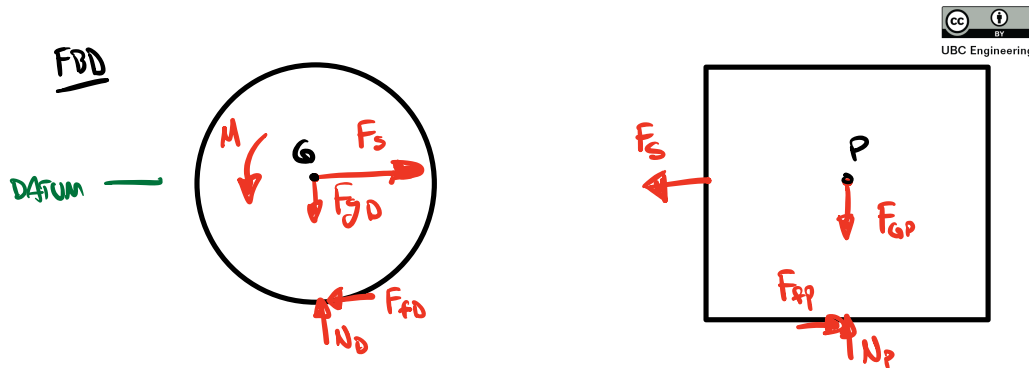
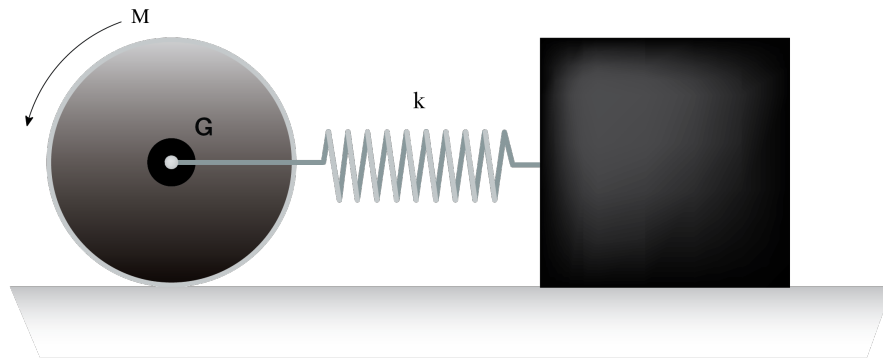


A lazy engineer is designing a robot to move things for him. He places a hub motor inside a  $2.5 \text{ Kg}$  disk such that a couple moment of  $M = 2.943 \text{ Nm}$  is applied. If the attached package has a mass  $m = 5 \text{ Kg}$  and the coefficients of kinetic friction and static friction for between all objects are  $\mu_k = 0.2$  and  $\mu_s = 0.4$  respectively, determine the angular velocity of the disk after its center of mass has travelled a distance  $d = 0.5 \text{ m}$ . Assume the disk rolls without slipping and the package does not tip. The disk has a radius  $r = 0.3 \text{ m}$ , the spring constant is  $k = 100 \text{ N/m}$  and the spring is unstretched originally.



State #1 (resting)

$$T_1 = 0 \text{ J} \quad \} \quad v_1 = 0 \text{ J}$$

State #2 (final position  $G$  moved  $0.5 \text{ m}$  left)

$$T_2 = \frac{1}{2} I_{GD} \omega_D^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_G v_{GD}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_P v_{GP}^2 \quad U_2 = \frac{1}{2} kx^2$$

$$\sum F_{yp} = 0 \Rightarrow N_p - F_{gp} = 0 \Rightarrow N_p = m_p g = (5 \text{ kg})(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2) = 49.05 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{fp} = \mu_k N_p = 0.2(49.05 \text{ N}) = 9.81 \text{ N}$$

$$\sum F_{xp} = 0 \Rightarrow F_{fp} = F_s \Rightarrow F_s = 9.81 \text{ N}$$

$$F_s = kx \Rightarrow x = \frac{F_s}{k} = \frac{9.81 \text{ N}}{100 \text{ N/m}} = 0.0981 \text{ m}$$

$$\theta = \frac{d_a}{r} = \frac{0.5 \text{ m}}{0.3 \text{ m}} = \frac{5}{2} \text{ rad}$$

$$d_p = 0.5 \text{ m} - 0.0981 \text{ m} = 0.4019 \text{ m}$$

$$U_M = M\theta = (2943 \text{ Nm})\left(\frac{5}{2} \text{ rad}\right) = 4.905 \text{ J}$$

$$U_F = \cancel{U_{FFD}} + U_{FFD} = F_{fp} d_p = (9.81 \text{ N})(0.4019 \text{ m}) = 3.9435 \text{ J}$$

$$T_1 + U_1 + \sum_{\text{non-cons}} U_{1 \rightarrow 2} = T_2 + U_2$$

$$0 + 0 + 4.905 \text{ J} - 3.9435 \text{ J} = \frac{1}{2} I_{GD} \omega_D^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_D v_{GD}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_p v_{GP}^2 + \frac{1}{2} kx^2$$

$$\vec{v} = \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r} \Rightarrow v_{GD} = \omega_D r = \omega_D (0.3 \text{ m})$$

$$v_{GD} = v_{GP}$$

$$I_{GD} = \frac{1}{2} m r^2 = \frac{1}{2} (2.5 \text{ kg})(0.3 \text{ m})^2$$

$$0.9624 = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} (2.5 \text{ kg}) (0.3 \text{ m})^2 \right) \omega_0^2 + \frac{1}{2} (2.5 \text{ kg}) (0.3 \omega_0)^2 + \frac{1}{2} (5 \text{ kg}) (0.3 \omega_0)^2 + \frac{1}{2} (100 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}}) (0.0981 \text{ m})^2$$

$$0.9624 = 0.05625 \omega_0^2 + 0.1125 \omega_0^2 + 0.225 \omega_0^2 + 0.4812 \quad [\text{J}]$$

$$\hookrightarrow \boxed{\omega_0 = 1.1 \text{ rad/s}}$$