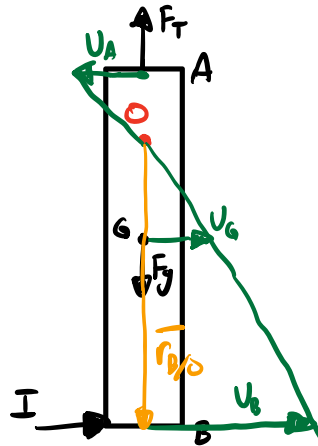
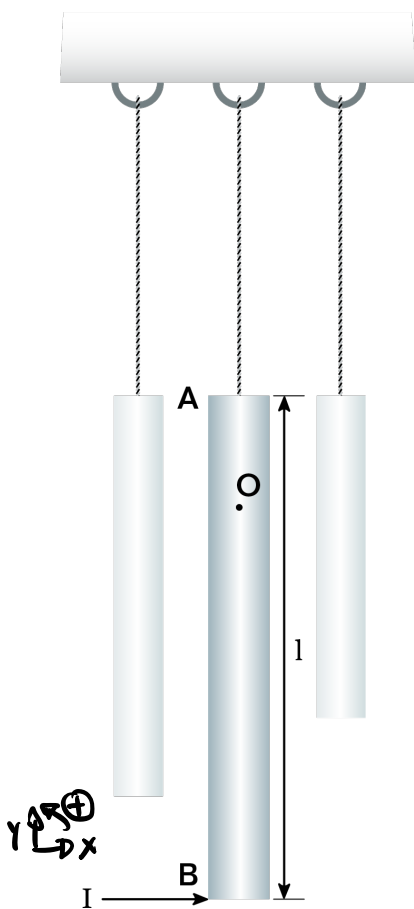


A windchime consists of several slender rods, each suspended on one end by a rope and each with mass m . Consider a singular rod for this problem. As the wind blows, the rod is subjected to an impulse I at its bottom. Determine the vertical location of point O in which the rod appears to rotate.



$$\Sigma: m v_{Gx1} + \int_0^{t_2} \int_{t_1} F_x dt = m v_{Gx2}$$

$$0 + I = m v_{Gx2} \quad (1)$$

$$\Sigma M: I_G \omega_1 + \int_0^{t_2} \int_{t_1} M_G dt = I_G \omega_2$$

$$0 + I \left(\frac{l}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{12} m l^2 \omega_2 \quad (2)$$

$$(2) \hookrightarrow I = \frac{1}{6} m l \omega_2$$

$$(1) \hookrightarrow v_{Gx2} = \frac{1}{6} l \omega_2$$

$$v_{B2} = \omega_2 r_{O/B}$$

$$\frac{v_{O2}}{r_{O/B}} = \frac{v_{Gx2}}{r_{O/G} = \frac{l}{2}}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{W_2} \cancel{r_{B/O}}}{\cancel{r_{B/O}}} = \frac{\frac{1}{6} \cancel{L} \cancel{W_2}}{r_{B/A} - \frac{L}{2}}$$

$$r_{B/O} = \frac{1}{6}L + \frac{L}{2}$$

$$r_{B/O} = \frac{3}{2}L$$