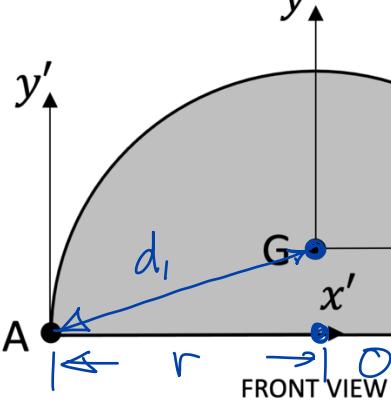
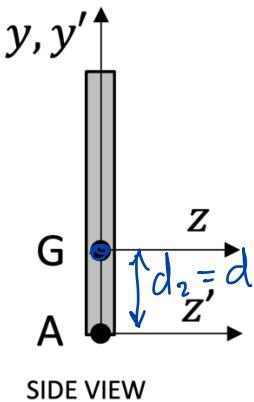


A semicircular thin plate has constant density, a radius of 10 cm, and a mass of 400 g. Find the mass moment of inertia of the plate around the axes (a) x' and (b) z' passing through point A.



Find $I_{x'x'A}$ { $I_{z'z'A}$

$$\frac{4r}{3\pi} = d$$

From previous problem

$$I_{zz,G} = \frac{1}{2}mr^2 - m\left(\frac{4r}{3\pi}\right)^2$$

$$I_{xx,G} = \frac{1}{4}mr^2 - m\left(\frac{4r}{3\pi}\right)^2$$

Parallel axes:

$$\begin{aligned} I_{z'z'A} &= I_{zz,G} + md_1^2 & d_1^2 &= \left(\frac{4r}{3\pi}\right)^2 + r^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2}mr^2 - m\left(\frac{4r}{3\pi}\right)^2 + m\left(\frac{4r}{3\pi}\right)^2 + mr^2 \\ &= \frac{3}{2}mr^2 = \frac{3}{2}(0.4\text{kg})(0.1\text{m})^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{I_{z'z'A} = 0.006 \text{ kg-m}^2}$$

$$I_{x'x'A} = I_{xx,G} + md_2^2 \quad d_2^2 = \left(\frac{4r}{3\pi}\right)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_{xx,O} &= I_{xx,G} + m\left(\frac{4r}{3\pi}\right)^2 + m\left(\frac{4r}{3\pi}\right)^2 \\ &\rightarrow = \frac{1}{4}mr^2 + \frac{1}{4}m(0.4\text{kg})(0.1\text{m})^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{I_{x'x'A} = 0.001 \text{ kg-m}^2}$$